WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA

WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA: BREAKING BARRIERS AND SHAPING THE NATION

WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA HAVE LONG BEEN AN ESSENTIAL YET UNDERREPRESENTED FORCE IN THE COUNTRY'S POLITICAL LANDSCAPE. DESPITE FACING NUMEROUS CULTURAL, SOCIO-ECONOMIC, AND INSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGES, NIGERIAN WOMEN CONTINUE TO PUSH BOUNDARIES, STRIVING FOR GREATER PARTICIPATION AND INFLUENCE IN GOVERNANCE. THEIR JOURNEY IS ONE OF RESILIENCE, DETERMINATION, AND GRADUAL TRANSFORMATION, REFLECTING BROADER CONVERSATIONS ABOUT GENDER EQUALITY, DEMOCRACY, AND SOCIAL JUSTICE IN NIGERIA.

THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS

Women's involvement in Nigerian politics is not a new phenomenon, but their visibility and influence have fluctuated over time. Pre-colonial societies in Nigeria often featured women in leadership roles within their communities. For instance, figures like Queen Amina of Zazzau and Moremi Ajasoro are celebrated for their political and military leadership. However, colonial and post-colonial political structures largely marginalized women, limiting their access to formal political power.

DURING NIGERIA'S EARLY INDEPENDENCE ERA, WOMEN BEGAN ORGANIZING POLITICALLY, ADVOCATING FOR RIGHTS AND REPRESENTATION. DESPITE THESE EFFORTS, PATRIARCHAL NORMS AND SYSTEMIC BARRIERS MADE IT DIFFICULT FOR WOMEN TO SECURE ELECTED OFFICES OR DECISION-MAKING ROLES IN POLITICAL PARTIES.

CURRENT LANDSCAPE: REPRESENTATION AND PARTICIPATION

Today, women in politics in Nigeria face a complex environment. While progress has been made, the percentage of women holding political office remains low compared to men. According to recent data, women occupy roughly 5-7% of seats in the National Assembly, a figure far below global averages and the African Union's target of 30% representation.

CHALLENGES FACING WOMEN POLITICIANS

SEVERAL FACTORS CONTRIBUTE TO THE UNDERREPRESENTATION OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS:

- CULTURAL NORMS AND PATRIARCHY: DEEP-ROOTED GENDER ROLES OFTEN DISCOURAGE WOMEN FROM PURSUING PUBLIC LEADERSHIP ROLES, VIEWING POLITICS AS A MALE DOMAIN.
- FINANCIAL BARRIERS: POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS IN NIGERIA REQUIRE SUBSTANTIAL FUNDING, WHICH MANY WOMEN STRUGGLE TO ACCESS DUE TO ECONOMIC DISPARITIES.
- Lack of Political Networks: Established political networks tend to exclude women, making it harder for them to gain party nominations and support.
- VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION: POLITICAL VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION DISPROPORTIONATELY AFFECT WOMEN, DETERRING THEIR ACTIVE PARTICIPATION.

GOVERNMENT AND CIVIL SOCIETY INITIATIVES

To address these challenges, various initiatives have been launched to empower women politically. The Nigerian government, alongside international partners and local NGOs, has promoted gender-sensitive policies and capacity-building programs. These efforts aim to:

- ENCOURAGE POLITICAL PARTIES TO ADOPT AFFIRMATIVE ACTION POLICIES.
- PROVIDE TRAINING ON LEADERSHIP SKILLS AND POLITICAL CAMPAIGNING FOR WOMEN.
- RAISE PUBLIC AWARENESS ABOUT THE IMPORTANCE OF WOMEN'S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION.

Though progress is gradual, such measures have begun to create more opportunities for female politicians at local and national levels.

INFLUENTIAL WOMEN LEADERS SHAPING NIGERIAN POLITICS

DESPITE THE HURDLES, NUMEROUS WOMEN HAVE CARVED OUT SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL ROLES, INSPIRING FUTURE GENERATIONS. SOME NOTABLE EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

DR. NGOZI OKONJO-IWEALA

A GLOBALLY RECOGNIZED ECONOMIST AND FORMER FINANCE MINISTER, NGOZI OKONJO-IWEALA HAS BEEN A TRAILBLAZER FOR WOMEN IN NIGERIA'S POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC SPHERES. HER LEADERSHIP AT THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION FURTHER UNDERSCORES THE POTENTIAL OF NIGERIAN WOMEN ON THE INTERNATIONAL STAGE.

SENATOR STELLA ODUAH

AS A FORMER MINISTER OF AVIATION AND A SITTING SENATOR, STELLA ODUAH REPRESENTS THE GROWING PRESENCE OF WOMEN IN LEGISLATIVE AND EXECUTIVE ROLES. HER CAREER HIGHLIGHTS BOTH THE POSSIBILITIES AND CONTROVERSIES THAT CAN ACCOMPANY POLITICAL LIFE.

OBY EZEKWESILI

A FORMER MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CO-FOUNDER OF THE #BRINGBACKOURGIRLS CAMPAIGN, EZEKWESILI HAS BEEN A VOCAL ADVOCATE FOR TRANSPARENCY, EDUCATION REFORM, AND WOMEN'S RIGHTS, DEMONSTRATING HOW ACTIVISM AND POLITICS INTERSECT.

STRATEGIES TO ENHANCE WOMEN'S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION IN NIGERIA

INCREASING THE NUMBER OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS REQUIRES A MULTIFACETED APPROACH. HERE ARE SOME STRATEGIES THAT CAN HELP ACCELERATE PROGRESS:

- 1. IMPLEMENTING QUOTAS: INTRODUCING MANDATORY QUOTAS FOR WOMEN'S REPRESENTATION IN POLITICAL PARTIES AND ELECTED OFFICES CAN ENSURE MINIMUM LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION.
- 2. **FINANCIAL SUPPORT PROGRAMS:** ESTABLISHING FUNDS OR GRANTS TARGETED AT WOMEN CANDIDATES CAN ALLEVIATE ECONOMIC BARRIERS TO CAMPAIGNING.
- 3. **MENTORSHIP AND NETWORKING:** CREATING PLATFORMS WHERE EXPERIENCED FEMALE POLITICIANS MENTOR YOUNG WOMEN CAN BUILD CONFIDENCE AND POLITICAL SKILLS.
- 4. **EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGNS:** PROMOTING CIVIC EDUCATION THAT CHALLENGES STEREOTYPES AND ENCOURAGES WOMEN'S POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT FROM AN EARLY AGE.
- 5. **Strengthening Legal Frameworks:** Enforcing anti-discrimination laws and protecting women candidates from violence and intimidation.

THESE STRATEGIES, COMBINED WITH SOCIETAL ATTITUDE CHANGES, CAN HELP SHIFT THE POLITICAL CULTURE TOWARD INCLUSIVITY.

THE ROLE OF YOUTH AND DIGITAL MEDIA IN WOMEN'S POLITICAL EMPOWERMENT

The rise of digital media and social platforms has opened new avenues for women in politics in Nigeria. Young women, in particular, are leveraging social networks to:

- BUILD GRASSROOTS MOVEMENTS AND MOBILIZE SUPPORTERS.
- RAISE AWARENESS ABOUT WOMEN'S ISSUES AND POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS.
- CONNECT WITH MENTORS, FUNDERS, AND POLITICAL ALLIES BEYOND TRADITIONAL BOUNDARIES.

SOCIAL MEDIA CAMPAIGNS LIKE #WOMENINPOLITICS AND #GENDEREQUALITYNIGERIA HAVE INCREASED VISIBILITY FOR FEMALE POLITICIANS AND CREATED COMMUNITIES OF SUPPORT. THIS DIGITAL EMPOWERMENT IS GRADUALLY ERODING SOME OF THE BARRIERS THAT ONCE LIMITED WOMEN'S POLITICAL VOICES.

CULTURAL SHIFTS AND THE FUTURE OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS

Changing long-standing cultural perceptions is crucial for advancing women's political participation. As more Nigerian women succeed in politics, they challenge stereotypes and inspire families and communities to support female leadership. Education, media representation, and engagement with traditional and religious leaders can foster more inclusive attitudes.

The future for women in politics in Nigeria looks promising as younger generations demand more equitable representation. Continued advocacy, policy reform, and societal support will be key to unlocking the full potential of Nigerian women as political leaders, decision-makers, and agents of change.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE CURRENT REPRESENTATION OF WOMEN IN NIGERIA'S NATIONAL ASSEMBLY?

AS OF RECENT ELECTIONS, WOMEN OCCUPY APPROXIMATELY 7% OF THE SEATS IN NIGERIA'S NATIONAL ASSEMBLY, REFLECTING A LOW BUT GRADUALLY INCREASING PRESENCE IN LEGISLATIVE ROLES.

WHAT CHALLENGES DO WOMEN IN NIGERIA FACE WHEN ENTERING POLITICS?

WOMEN IN NIGERIA FACE CHALLENGES SUCH AS CULTURAL BIASES, LIMITED ACCESS TO FUNDING, POLITICAL VIOLENCE, AND SOCIETAL EXPECTATIONS THAT HINDER THEIR FULL PARTICIPATION IN POLITICS.

WHO ARE SOME PROMINENT NIGERIAN WOMEN IN POLITICS?

NOTABLE NIGERIAN WOMEN IN POLITICS INCLUDE DR. NGOZI OKONJO-IWEALA, FORMER FINANCE MINISTER; AISHA ALHASSAN, FORMER MINISTER OF WOMEN AFFAIRS; AND OBIAGELI EZEKWESILI, FORMER VICE PRESIDENT OF THE WORLD BANK'S AFRICA DIVISION.

HOW HAS THE NIGERIAN GOVERNMENT SUPPORTED WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN POLITICS?

THE GOVERNMENT HAS IMPLEMENTED POLICIES LIKE THE NATIONAL GENDER POLICY AND ENDORSED AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO INCREASE WOMEN'S POLITICAL PARTICIPATION, THOUGH ENFORCEMENT AND IMPACT REMAIN LIMITED.

WHAT ROLE DO NIGERIAN WOMEN PLAY AT THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT LEVEL?

WOMEN ARE INCREASINGLY PARTICIPATING IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT ROLES SUCH AS COUNCILORS AND CHAIRPERSONS, WHERE THEY INFLUENCE GRASSROOTS GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT.

HOW DOES CULTURAL PERCEPTION IMPACT WOMEN'S POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT IN NIGERIA?

CULTURAL PERCEPTIONS OFTEN VIEW POLITICS AS A MALE DOMAIN, DISCOURAGING WOMEN FROM PARTICIPATING DUE TO STEREOTYPES, GENDER ROLES, AND TRADITIONAL EXPECTATIONS.

ARE THERE ANY ORGANIZATIONS PROMOTING WOMEN'S POLITICAL INVOLVEMENT IN NIGERIA?

YES, ORGANIZATIONS LIKE WOMEN IN POLITICS FORUM (WIPF), NIGERIAN WOMEN'S TRUST FUND (NWTF), AND WOMEN ADVOCATES RESEARCH AND DOCUMENTATION CENTER (WARDC) ACTIVELY PROMOTE WOMEN'S POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT.

WHAT IMPACT HAVE NIGERIAN WOMEN POLITICIANS HAD ON POLICY-MAKING?

WOMEN POLITICIANS HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO POLICIES ON GENDER EQUALITY, EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND SOCIAL WELFARE, BRINGING FOCUS TO ISSUES AFFECTING WOMEN AND MARGINALIZED GROUPS.

HOW CAN THE REPRESENTATION OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS BE IMPROVED?

IMPROVEMENT CAN BE ACHIEVED THROUGH AFFIRMATIVE ACTION POLICIES, INCREASED POLITICAL FUNDING FOR WOMEN, PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGNS, AND MENTORSHIP PROGRAMS FOR ASPIRING WOMEN POLITICIANS.

WHAT WAS THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE 2023 GENERAL ELECTIONS FOR WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS?

THE 2023 GENERAL ELECTIONS SAW A RECORD NUMBER OF WOMEN CANDIDATES, SIGNALING GROWING INTEREST AND PARTICIPATION, THOUGH WOMEN STILL FACED SIGNIFICANT BARRIERS TO WINNING MAJOR POLITICAL OFFICES.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA: NAVIGATING CHALLENGES AND SHAPING THE NATION'S FUTURE

WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA HAVE LONG BEEN A SUBJECT OF BOTH ASPIRATION AND SCRUTINY. THEIR PRESENCE IN THE POLITICAL LANDSCAPE IS A REFLECTION OF BROADER SOCIAL, CULTURAL, AND ECONOMIC DYNAMICS WITHIN THE COUNTRY. DESPITE CONSTITUTING NEARLY HALF OF NIGERIA'S POPULATION, WOMEN REMAIN SIGNIFICANTLY UNDERREPRESENTED IN POLITICAL OFFICES, A REALITY THAT HAS PROFOUND IMPLICATIONS FOR GOVERNANCE AND POLICY-MAKING. THIS ARTICLE DELVES INTO THE EVOLVING ROLE OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS, EXAMINING THE BARRIERS THEY FACE, THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS, AND THE PROSPECTS FOR GREATER GENDER INCLUSIVITY IN THE NATION'S POLITICAL ARENA.

THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS

Understanding the current status of women in politics in Nigeria requires a look at the historical trajectory of female political participation. Traditionally, Nigerian society has been patriarchal, with leadership roles predominantly occupied by men. However, women have played crucial roles at the community and regional levels, often as informal leaders or through advocacy in social and economic spheres.

The post-independence era saw the gradual entry of women into formal politics, with figures such as Funmilayo Ransome-Kuti, who was a prominent activist and one of the earliest female politicians. Nevertheless, the political system remained largely inaccessible to women due to structural and societal constraints. Over the decades, constitutional provisions and political reforms have aimed to enhance gender equality, but progress has been slow.

CURRENT REPRESENTATION AND STATISTICAL OVERVIEW

Women's representation in Nigeria's political institutions continues to lag behind global averages. According to the Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU), as of recent data, women hold less than 10% of seats in Nigeria's National Assembly. This figure pales in comparison to the global average of around 25%, highlighting a significant gender gap.

AT THE SUB-NATIONAL LEVEL, WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IS ALSO LIMITED. STATE LEGISLATURES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COUNCILS EXHIBIT SIMILARLY LOW PERCENTAGES OF FEMALE POLITICIANS. THIS UNDERREPRESENTATION EXTENDS TO EXECUTIVE POSITIONS, WHERE FEMALE GOVERNORS AND MINISTERS ARE RARE EXCEPTIONS.

SEVERAL FACTORS CONTRIBUTE TO THIS DISPARITY:

- Patriarchal cultural norms: Many communities uphold traditional beliefs that discourage women from seeking leadership roles.
- ECONOMIC BARRIERS: POLITICAL CAMPAIGNS IN NIGERIA OFTEN REQUIRE SUBSTANTIAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES, WHICH WOMEN MAY FIND HARDER TO ACCESS.
- POLITICAL VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION: THE POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT CAN BE HOSTILE, DETERRING WOMEN FROM ACTIVE PARTICIPATION.

• LIMITED ACCESS TO EDUCATION AND NETWORKS: EDUCATIONAL DISPARITIES AND EXCLUSION FROM POLITICAL PATRONAGE SYSTEMS LIMIT WOMEN'S OPPORTUNITIES.

CHALLENGES FACING WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS

SOCIO-CULTURAL CONSTRAINTS

THE SOCIAL FABRIC OF NIGERIA IS WOVEN WITH DIVERSE ETHNIC AND RELIGIOUS CUSTOMS, MANY OF WHICH INFLUENCE PERCEPTIONS OF GENDER ROLES. IN NUMEROUS COMMUNITIES, LEADERSHIP IS TRADITIONALLY VIEWED AS A MALE PREROGATIVE, AND WOMEN'S POLITICAL AMBITIONS MAY BE DISCOURAGED OR STIGMATIZED. THESE SOCIETAL EXPECTATIONS OFTEN TRANSLATE INTO RESISTANCE FROM FAMILY AND COMMUNITY MEMBERS WHEN WOMEN ATTEMPT TO ENTER POLITICS.

FINANCIAL AND STRUCTURAL BARRIERS

CAMPAIGN FINANCING REMAINS A SIGNIFICANT HURDLE FOR WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA. THE COST OF RUNNING FOR OFFICE IS HIGH, AND POLITICAL PARTIES FREQUENTLY FAVOR CANDIDATES WHO CAN SELF-FUND OR MOBILIZE SUBSTANTIAL RESOURCES. WOMEN, GENERALLY HAVING LESS ACCESS TO WEALTH AND FINANCIAL NETWORKS, FACE DIFFICULTIES IN MOUNTING COMPETITIVE CAMPAIGNS.

Moreover, political party structures tend to be male-dominated, with informal gatekeeping mechanisms that limit women's candidacy and advancement. The absence of institutionalized gender quotas within most parties contributes to the marginalization of female aspirants.

POLITICAL VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION

NIGERIA'S POLITICAL LANDSCAPE IS SOMETIMES MARRED BY VIOLENCE AND INTIMIDATION, ESPECIALLY DURING ELECTION CYCLES. WOMEN CANDIDATES MAY BE DISPROPORTIONATELY VULNERABLE TO HARASSMENT, THREATS, AND EVEN PHYSICAL VIOLENCE. THE FEAR OF SUCH REPRISALS CAN DISCOURAGE MANY PROSPECTIVE FEMALE POLITICIANS FROM SEEKING OFFICE OR PARTICIPATING ACTIVELY IN CAMPAIGNS.

PROGRESS AND NOTABLE ACHIEVEMENTS

DESPITE THESE CHALLENGES, WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA HAVE MADE SIGNIFICANT STRIDES IN RECENT YEARS. HIGH-PROFILE FEMALE POLITICIANS HAVE BROKEN BARRIERS AND SET PRECEDENTS FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS.

TRAILBLAZERS AND ROLE MODELS

PROMINENT FIGURES SUCH AS NGOZI OKONJO-IWEALA, WHO SERVED AS NIGERIA'S FINANCE MINISTER AND LATER AS DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION, DEMONSTRATE THE CAPACITY OF NIGERIAN WOMEN TO HOLD INFLUENTIAL POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC POSITIONS. OTHERS, LIKE SENATOR STELLA ODUAH AND FORMER MINISTER OF EDUCATION OBY EZEKWESILI, HAVE PLAYED PIVOTAL ROLES IN SHAPING NATIONAL POLICIES.

AT THE GRASSROOTS LEVEL, WOMEN HAVE SUCCESSFULLY CONTESTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS, INFLUENCING COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND GOVERNANCE. THESE SUCCESSES CHALLENGE STEREOTYPES AND PROVIDE TANGIBLE EXAMPLES OF

POLICY INTERVENTIONS AND ADVOCACY

SEVERAL NIGERIAN AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS HAVE CHAMPIONED THE CAUSE OF WOMEN'S POLITICAL EMPOWERMENT.
INITIATIVES AIMED AT INCREASING AWARENESS, BUILDING CAPACITY, AND ADVOCATING FOR LEGAL REFORMS HAVE GAINED
MOMENTUM.

KEY POLICY EFFORTS INCLUDE:

- THE NATIONAL GENDER POLICY, WHICH EMPHASIZES THE NEED FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO IMPROVE WOMEN'S POLITICAL REPRESENTATION.
- \bullet Calls for the adoption of a minimum 35% quota for women in elective and appointive positions.
- PROGRAMS BY CIVIL SOCIETY GROUPS THAT TRAIN WOMEN ON POLITICAL CAMPAIGNING, LEADERSHIP SKILLS, AND VOTER EDUCATION.

THE WAY FORWARD: OPPORTUNITIES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For women in politics in Nigeria to achieve greater representation and influence, multifaceted strategies must be employed.

INSTITUTIONAL REFORMS

IMPLEMENTING LEGISLATIVE GENDER QUOTAS COULD DRAMATICALLY INCREASE THE NUMBER OF WOMEN IN ELECTED OFFICES. SUCH MEASURES HAVE PROVEN EFFECTIVE IN OTHER AFRICAN COUNTRIES LIKE RWANDA AND SOUTH AFRICA, WHERE QUOTAS HAVE LED TO SUBSTANTIAL INCREASES IN FEMALE PARLIAMENTARY REPRESENTATION.

POLITICAL PARTIES SHOULD ALSO INSTITUTIONALIZE GENDER-SENSITIVE POLICIES, ENSURING WOMEN HAVE EQUITABLE ACCESS TO PARTY NOMINATIONS, FINANCIAL SUPPORT, AND LEADERSHIP ROLES WITHIN PARTY STRUCTURES.

ADDRESSING SOCIO-ECONOMIC BARRIERS

INVESTING IN EDUCATION AND ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT PROGRAMS FOR WOMEN CAN HELP BRIDGE THE RESOURCE GAP THAT RESTRICTS POLITICAL PARTICIPATION. SCHOLARSHIPS, MENTORSHIP PROGRAMS, AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP INITIATIVES WOULD BOLSTER WOMEN'S CAPACITIES AND CONFIDENCE TO ENGAGE IN POLITICS.

PROMOTING A SAFER POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT

ENSURING THE SAFETY OF ALL CANDIDATES, PARTICULARLY WOMEN, IS CRUCIAL. AUTHORITIES AND ELECTORAL BODIES MUST ENFORCE LAWS AGAINST POLITICAL VIOLENCE AND IMPLEMENT MEASURES THAT PROTECT CANDIDATES FROM INTIMIDATION. PUBLIC CAMPAIGNS TO CHANGE SOCIETAL ATTITUDES TOWARDS WOMEN IN LEADERSHIP CAN ALSO CONTRIBUTE TO A MORE INCLUSIVE AND RESPECTFUL POLITICAL CULTURE.

CONCLUSION: THE EMERGING INFLUENCE OF WOMEN IN NIGERIAN POLITICS

THE NARRATIVE OF WOMEN IN POLITICS IN NIGERIA IS ONE OF RESILIENCE AMID ADVERSITY. WHILE UNDERREPRESENTATION REMAINS A STARK REALITY, THE PERSISTENT EFFORTS OF FEMALE POLITICIANS, ADVOCATES, AND CIVIL SOCIETY CONTINUE TO RESHAPE THE POLITICAL LANDSCAPE. AS NIGERIA STRIDES TOWARD DEMOCRATIC CONSOLIDATION AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, THE INCLUSION OF WOMEN IN GOVERNANCE IS NOT MERELY A MATTER OF EQUITY BUT A STRATEGIC IMPERATIVE FOR INCLUSIVE AND RESPONSIVE LEADERSHIP.

THE GRADUAL BUT VISIBLE INCREASE IN WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION SIGNALS A TRANSFORMATIVE SHIFT, PROMISING A POLITICAL FUTURE WHERE GENDER PARITY IS NOT AN ASPIRATION BUT A NORM.

Women In Politics In Nigeria

Find other PDF articles:

https://old.rga.ca/archive-th-038/pdf?trackid=EbN53-8561&title=walzer-just-and-unjust-wars.pdf

women in politics in nigeria: Women and Politics in Nigeria John A. A. Ayoade, Elone J. Nwabuzor, Adesina Sambo, 1992

women in politics in nigeria: The Role of Nigerian Women in Politics Patrick Kenechukwu Uchendu, 1993

women in politics in nigeria: Promoting Gender Equality in Political Participation

Damilola Taiye Agbalajobi, 2021-03-17 This book analyses patterns of women's political participation
and evaluates disparity between levels of women's participation in politics and representation in
governance in Nigeria. It also examines the causes of women's underrepresentation in governance
and decision-making as well as their implications for the country's socioeconomic development and
describes strategies for increased women's representation in governance and decision-making in
Nigeria. This study relies on political-culture and liberal-feminist theory and adopts a mixed-method
research design involving quantitative and qualitative methods. It uses multistage sampling in
selecting Nigeria's South-East, North-West and South-West geopolitical-zones and 1206 women of
electoral age for the study survey conducted using structured questionnaire and in-depth interview.

women in politics in nigeria: Women Representation in Governance in Nigeria Prof. Abubakar O. Sulaiman, 2025-06-16 Despite accounting for 49.47% of the Nigerian population, progress towards gender equity and women's empowerment in Nigeria has remained low, in contrast to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG Target 5.5). In light of this, NILDS, under the leadership of Prof. Abubakar O. Sulaiman and with support from the management of the National Assembly, is creating a platform for intellectual discourse and engagements on women socio-economic and political empowerment. The NILDS International Conference on Women in Governance provided a platform for experts, government officials, policymakers, and other relevant stakeholder across Africa, to discuss the challenges that women face in political participation and governance in Nigeria and Africa at large. This ultimately led to this evidence-based scientific reader that contributes to the corpus of literature in Africa.

women in politics in nigeria: The Role of Nigerian Women in Politics Patrick Kenechukwu Uchendu, 1993

women in politics in nigeria: *Women's Political Visibility and Media Access* Oladokun Omojola, 2014-06-12 The constitutions of most countries frown at gender discrimination. Local, multinational and multilateral organizations in many developed and developing nations have

instituted policies and taken actions that address cases of injustice against women. But gender inequity appears to be an issue beyond what constitutional provisions and corporate strategies can address. How, for instance, does a statutory provision guarantee the equal visibility of men and women in a news report, especially in a neoliberal democracy where the general patriarchal character of the media aligns with the logic of commercialism which prioritizes profit and targets mainly those who have the means of purchase? The invisibility of women in the media is a global issue, and a great concern in Africa. Women's Political Visibility and Media Access: The Case of Nigeria, however, is about a country of over 160 million people; a population roughly divided equally between male and female. The book, through empirical analyses and qualitative discourses, agglomerates several perspectives regarding the visibility of women in the turbulent Nigerian political terrain and the response of the media in that direction, in a concerted effort to resolve the burning issues of gender equality in Nigeria. The book assesses the impact of aggressive tactics from women in the political arena, "conscious reporting" of women by journalists, and the increased use of ICTs by women as practical ways of bridging this wide gap.

women in politics in nigeria: Nigeria in the Twenty-first Century Emmanuel Ike Udogu, 2005 Political stability and peaceful coexistence among Nigeria's diverse nationalities are imperative for development and democratic consolidation and could serve as a model for the region and Africa as a whole. This volume, put together by leading Nigerian scholars, addresses strategies for taming' the military to avoid future coups; solving the ethnic diversity question through national reconciliation; de-marginalising women in politics and society; reducing human rights violations through the law and many other issues.

women in politics in nigeria: The Nigerian National Assembly Joseph Yinka Fashagba, Ola-Rotimi Matthew Ajayi, Chiedo Nwankwor, 2019-04-11 This book examines the role of the legislature in the democratic governance of Nigeria. Once one of the foremost political institutions of governance established in the early days of Colonial administration in Nigeria, the legislature has had an inconsistent role since statehood, subject to repeat dissolution at the hands of various military regimes. Focusing on the Nigerian Fourth Republic's National Assembly (1999-present), this book discusses in detail the ways in which the national assembly has handled each of its major functions, the nature of the relationship between the assembly and the legislature, and the institutional mechanism through which its internal business is facilitated and executed. Furthermore, the chapters examine the level of assertiveness of the legislature, and the degree of importance and weight attached to their contributions to governance in motions, resolutions, and law-making. This book offers a unique look into legislative studies, an area which hasbeen historically overlooked in the research on the Nigerian government, and will be useful to students and researchers in African studies, democracy and state-building and legislative studies.

women in politics in nigeria: Women, Politics, and Power Pamela Paxton, Melanie M. Hughes, Tiffany D. Barnes, 2025-01-15 Women, Politics, and Power provides a clear and detailed introduction to women's political participation and representation across all branches of government and a wide range of countries and regions. Using broad statistical overviews and detailed case-study accounts, authors Pamela Paxton, Melanie M. Hughes, and Tiffany D. Barnes document both historical trends and the contemporary state of women's political strength across diverse countries. The text considers experiences of women from a range of marginalized groups, including racial, ethnic, and religious minorities; indigenous peoples; and those that face discrimination based on their sexual orientation and gender identity. Readers will learn about cultural, structural, political, and international influences on women's access to political power, about the old and new barriers women continue to face like violence, and about the difference women make once in political office. Dedicated chapters on six geographic regions highlight distinct influences and patterns in different parts of the world. There is simply no other book that offers such a thorough and multidisciplinary synthesis of research on women's political power around the world. The fifth edition includes the latest information available on women in politics around the world, including current events as they have unfolded across the globe. The newest thinking in the field is presented, including on violence

against women in politics and intersectional approaches.

women in politics in nigeria: Nigerian Women in Cultural, Political and Public Spaces Mobolanle Sotunsa, Anthonia Makwemoisa Yakubu, 2023-11-23 This book will provide empirical engagements of African women in the private and public spaces and their adaptations, alterations and and integration of the private and public spaces. This approach is contrary to most existing studies which may not necessarily provide contextual and empirical evidences of the debates about the spaces of women or interrogate both the private and public spaces in a single volume. This book will offer a novel insight into gender and power dynamics, especially as it relates to the cultural spaces, private spaces and public spaces which African women occupy and subjugate. The fourteen papers in this book critically examine the African women in different positions within the private and public spaces, the strong inhibiting presence of patriarchy, and the resistance women display to empower themselves.

women in politics in nigeria: The Political Economy of Colonialism and Nation-Building in Nigeria Samuel Ojo Oloruntoba, 2021-09-28 This book examines the ways in which colonialism continues to define the political economy of Nigeria sixty years after gaining political independence from the British. It also establishes a link between colonialism and the continued agitation for restructuring the political arrangement of the country. The contributions offer various perspectives on how the forceful amalgamation of disparate units and diverse nationalities have undermined the realization of the development potential of Nigeria. The book is divided into two parts. The first part interrogates the political economy of colonialism and the implications of this on economic development in contemporary Nigeria. The second part examines nation-building, governance, and development in a postcolonial state. The failure of the postcolonial political elites to ensure inclusive governance has continued to foster centrifugal and centripetal forces that question the legitimacy of the state. The forces have deepened calls for secession, accentuated conflicts and predispose the country to possible disintegration. A new government approach is required that would ensure equal representation, access to power and equitable distribution of resources.

women in politics in nigeria: Gender Politics and Governance in Africa T. Oladejo, 2021-01-04 Good governance is an index of human development. What constitutes good governance is holistic and gender issues are key components in the formation and practice of governance. In pre-colonial Africa, governance is inclusive of men and women. In the pre-colonial era, it could be argued that women had spheres of power and powerlessness. In most post-colonial societies of Africa, it is a rarity to accord women positions in government. Yet, the United Nations Conferences held in Copenhagen (1980), Nairobi (1985), Beijing (1995) and New York (2000), all had drafts and resolutions to change inequalities and vulnerabilities women encounter in public and private spaces. What are the issues to understand in the inclusion or exclusion of women in governance of African states and societies? This book explicates the experiential issues in gender, politics and governance. The 'known' are the stereotypes accorded to women as weak and unfit to take strategic roles in public life. Scholars across disciplines have debunked this perception. The known constantly linger in perpetuity because the development plans of African states fail to understand what it takes to have women empowered in all ramifications.

women in politics in nigeria: The Oxford Handbook of Nigerian Politics A. Carl LeVan, Patrick Ukata, 2018 This volume is an authoritative and agenda-setting examination of Nigerian politics.

women in politics in nigeria: Gender, Power and Politics in Nigeria Okpeh Ochayi Okpeh (Jr.), Dung Pam Sha, 2007

women in politics in nigeria: Gender and Politics in Nigeria Obiageli Nwankwo, 2001 women in politics in nigeria: Ibadan Market Women and Politics, 1900–1995 Mutiat Titilope Oladejo, 2015-12-16 Ibadan market women were active in political mobilization and they engaged in eclectic political actions during the decolonization process. Their leaders significantly swayed the electorate both in and beyond the market places. This study examines the historical development of the roles of Ibadan market women in politics between 1900 and 1995 with a view to establishing their contributions. By a thorough historical analysis, Ibadan Divisional and Provincial papers, and

newspapers of the nationalists' era (1945-1960)-Nigerian Tribune and Southern Nigerian Defender from the National Archives Ibadan were consulted for information on the activities of Ibadan market women. Secondary data were obtained from the Women Research and Documentation Centre and other resource centres. Simultaneously, Ibadan market women were involved in party politics of the National Council for Nigeria and Cameroons (NCNC); Action Group (AG); and traditional power politics.

women in politics in nigeria: Negotiating Patriarchy and Gender in Africa Ngozi Edeagu, Egodi Uchendu, 2021-08-26 A 2022 Choice Reviews Outstanding Academic Title Negotiating Patriarchy and Gender in Africa: Discourses, Practices, and Policies examines the entrenchment of patriarchy in Africa and its attendant socioeconomic and political consequences on gender relations. The contributors analyze the historical and modern ways in which gender expectations have enabled women in African societies to be systematically abused and marginalized, from unpaid labor to poor representation in decision-making areas. Exploring regions such as rural Uganda, the suburbs of Zimbabwe, the Gold Coast, South Africa, and Nigeria, contributors incorporate a wide range of academic theories and disciplines to establish the need for improved policy implementation on gender issues at both the local and national government levels in Africa.

women in politics in nigeria: Gender and Power Relations in Nigeria Ronke I. Ako-Nai, 2013-03-08 Globally, women are oppressed and this book introduces the perspective of African women and especially that of Nigerian women. This book looks at the major themes that drive the women's empowerment programs in Nigeria. Feminists in Nigeria are shaped by the institutions, values, ideologies, and since the 1970s, the UN and its agencies have added an international dimension. The chapters, while taking us through a theoretical overview of Nigerian women's empowerment, also shows how institutions, values, religion, and culture can challenge feminist political philosophy— a philosophy that tends to universalize women's problems and their solutions.

women in politics in nigeria: Gender and National Development Nkem Fab-Ukozor, Onyebuchi Chima Alexander, 2023-06-30 This book serves to shed a light on the position of women in media and how these institutions shape the women's contributions to national development. The authors argue that women are unsung heroes, driving the growth of nations. Nevertheless, their stories are seldom told, they are often stereotyped and marginalized within society. This form of discrimination serves to take away the voices of women in all social stratas, especially in the developing nations of Africa. It is little wonder that there is gender inequality, gender bias, and gender injustice in society. This book highlights literature which may be used to actualize gender equality and social justice for women. By creating a discussion around gender, society will begin to understand the value and importance of women in engineering development. Women are vital to social change.

women in politics in nigeria: Inter-ethnic and Religious Conflict Resolution in Nigeria Ernest E. Uwazie, Isaac Olawale Albert, G. N. Uzoigwe, 1999-01-01 Since 1982, Nigeria has experienced more than ten large scale ethnic or religious riots in its major cities. These violent clashes have wreaked economic, political, and social havoc; caused an enormous number of deaths and injuries; and posed serious obstacles to Nigeria's sociopolitical development as well as retarded efforts at nation-building. The papers collected in this book serve as a critical part of an overall objective to develop and promote mechanisms for the understanding and resolution of ethnic and religious conflicts in Nigeria. Both academic and community leaders address various aspects of these conflicts, and Uwazie offers several thoughtful options for their successful resolution. Inter-Ethnic and Religious Conflict Resolution in Nigeria will interest students of African history and current affairs, scholars of anthropology and ethnicity studies, and those involved in international relations and peace studies.

Related to women in politics in nigeria

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025"Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's

Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China, and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality postabortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA - UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025 "Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China, and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality post-

abortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA - UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025"Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China, and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality postabortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA – UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025"Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China, and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite

the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality postabortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA - UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025"Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China , and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality postabortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA – UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

International Women's Day 2025 | OHCHR International Women's Day 2025 "Her Rights, Our Future, Right Now" is the theme chosen by UN Human Rights to celebrate International Women's Day 2025. Progress on women's rights and

Afghan Women Continue to Fight for Bodily Autonomy Since July 16, the Taliban have arrested dozens of women and girls in Afghanistan's capital, Kabul, for allegedly violating Taliban

dress codes

Depressive disorder (depression) WHO fact sheet on depression, providing information on prevalence, symptoms, prevention and contributing factors, diagnosis and treatment, and WHO's work in the area

Women and girls of African Descent: visibility is dignity and power Three women of African descent from Brazil, China , and Iraq share similar experiences of resilience and resistance to mark the International Day of Women and Girls of

The State of Women's Rights - Human Rights Watch From the United States to the Democratic Republic of Congo, women and girls' rights have suffered serious setbacks. But despite the challenges, there also have been

Building a healthier world by women and for women is key to To achieve this, health systems must prioritize women's and girls' health needs and their full participation in the workforce. By creating opportunities for women to participate

Trump spurs global rollback on the rights of women and girls A global rollback of women's rights was already underway before US President Donald Trump took office. But now it's in hyper speed. Trump's actions, including his broad

Maternal mortality - World Health Organization (WHO) All women, including adolescents, need access to contraception, safe abortion services to the full extent of the law, and quality postabortion care. Most maternal deaths are

Syria: UN experts alarmed by attacks on Druze communities, GENEVA - UN experts* today sounded the alarm over a wave of armed attacks on Syrian Druze communities in and around Sweida Governorate since 13 July 2025, with

Prioritizing respectful care for pregnant women, mothers and babies What does it mean to provide respectful maternal and newborn care? A new Compendium, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO), the Human Reproduction

Related to women in politics in nigeria

Hundreds of Nigerian women protest in push for more female MPs (allAfrica.com on MSN6d) For several years, Nigerian MPs have been blocking legislation aimed at better representation for women in politics. The

Hundreds of Nigerian women protest in push for more female MPs (allAfrica.com on MSN6d) For several years, Nigerian MPs have been blocking legislation aimed at better representation for women in politics. The

Nigerian women protest for reserved seats in parliament (Agence France-Presse on MSN9d) Hundreds of women protested in the Nigerian capital Monday to push for a bill that would add women-only seats in the Senate

Nigerian women protest for reserved seats in parliament (Agence France-Presse on MSN9d) Hundreds of women protested in the Nigerian capital Monday to push for a bill that would add women-only seats in the Senate

UN, Media Leaders Unite to Boost Women's Political Representation in Nigeria (Arise News9d) UN and media leaders push women's political inclusion in Nigeria, stressing equity, governance reforms, representation, and democratic competitiveness

UN, Media Leaders Unite to Boost Women's Political Representation in Nigeria (Arise News9d) UN and media leaders push women's political inclusion in Nigeria, stressing equity, governance reforms, representation, and democratic competitiveness

How to Address Women Empowerment in Nigeria Through Education (The Kenya Times on MSN25dOpinion) Nearly one in four Sub-Saharan Africans resides in Nigeria. It is the seventh most populous country in the world. Nigeria has a federal system of government with 36 states and the Federal Capital

How to Address Women Empowerment in Nigeria Through Education (The Kenya Times on MSN25dOpinion) Nearly one in four Sub-Saharan Africans resides in Nigeria. It is the seventh most

populous country in the world. Nigeria has a federal system of government with 36 states and the Federal Capital

Bill seeks more women in Nigerian politics (13d) The National Assembly Library Trust Fund says women only hold 64 out of 1460 legislative seats in Nigeria's national and

Bill seeks more women in Nigerian politics (13d) The National Assembly Library Trust Fund says women only hold 64 out of 1460 legislative seats in Nigeria's national and

She Accused the Senate President of Harassment. The Backlash Was Swift. (The New York Times5mon) Senator Natasha Akpoti-Uduaghan said Nigeria's third most powerful politician punished her for not heeding his advances, but that she won't be stopped. Senator Natasha Akpoti-Uduaghan last week at

She Accused the Senate President of Harassment. The Backlash Was Swift. (The New York Times5mon) Senator Natasha Akpoti-Uduaghan said Nigeria's third most powerful politician punished her for not heeding his advances, but that she won't be stopped. Senator Natasha Akpoti-Uduaghan last week at

'Nigeria Running On Half Of Its Potential Without Women In Leadership' (Leadership8d) A group, Women's Rights Advancement and Protection Alternative, has asserted that collective voices remain crucial to securing women's representation in

'Nigeria Running On Half Of Its Potential Without Women In Leadership' (Leadership8d) A group, Women's Rights Advancement and Protection Alternative, has asserted that collective voices remain crucial to securing women's representation in

Power and Parity: Women in African Political Positions (csis.org4mon) Only two women have been directly elected by their populations to the presidency in African countries: President Ellen Sirleaf Johnson of Liberia in 2006 and President Netumbo Nandi-Ndaitwah of

Power and Parity: Women in African Political Positions (csis.org4mon) Only two women have been directly elected by their populations to the presidency in African countries: President Ellen Sirleaf Johnson of Liberia in 2006 and President Netumbo Nandi-Ndaitwah of

Back to Home: https://old.rga.ca