army risk management training

Army Risk Management Training: Enhancing Safety and Operational Success

army risk management training plays a crucial role in preparing soldiers and commanders to identify, assess, and mitigate potential hazards in both combat and noncombat environments. This training is not just about following protocols; it's about fostering a mindset that prioritizes safety without compromising mission effectiveness. Understanding the principles and applications of risk management within the Army can dramatically reduce accidents, improve decision-making, and ensure troops return home safely.

What Is Army Risk Management Training?

At its core, army risk management training teaches personnel how to systematically evaluate potential risks in various operations and environments. The goal is to anticipate what could go wrong and develop strategies to prevent or minimize negative outcomes. This proactive approach is embedded into every level of military planning, from individual soldiers to senior commanders.

Unlike traditional safety training that often focuses on reacting to incidents, risk management emphasizes prevention and informed choices. It integrates operational planning with realistic hazard analysis, making it a dynamic and essential tool for modern military operations.

The Five-Step Risk Management Process

A foundational element of army risk management training is the five-step process, which guides soldiers through a structured evaluation of risks:

- 1. **Identify Hazards:** Recognize anything that could cause harm during an operation or task.
- 2. **Assess Hazards:** Determine the level of risk by analyzing the likelihood and severity of each hazard.
- 3. **Develop Controls and Make Decisions:** Decide on measures to mitigate risks, such as changing procedures or using protective equipment.
- 4. **Implement Controls:** Put the planned safety measures into action.
- 5. **Supervise and Evaluate:** Monitor the effectiveness of controls and adjust as necessary.

This process is designed to be flexible, applicable in everything from training exercises to real-world combat scenarios.

Why Is Risk Management Critical in the Army?

The military environment is inherently unpredictable and often dangerous. Whether it's navigating rough terrain, handling explosives, or managing complex equipment, soldiers face countless hazards daily. Army risk management training helps reduce accidents, injuries, and fatalities by equipping personnel with the skills to foresee and address potential issues before they escalate.

Additionally, effective risk management contributes to mission success. By minimizing unnecessary risks, units maintain operational readiness and conserve resources. It also fosters a culture of accountability and vigilance, where everyone understands their role in maintaining safety.

Impact on Leadership and Decision-Making

Leaders at all levels benefit from army risk management training as it sharpens their ability to make informed decisions under pressure. Understanding how to balance risk versus reward ensures that commanders do not take unnecessary chances but remain flexible enough to adapt when conditions change.

Moreover, risk management encourages open communication. Soldiers are more likely to report hazards or concerns when they know their input is valued and contributes to safer operations.

Integrating Risk Management into Daily Army Activities

Army risk management training is not a one-time event; it's a continuous process woven into daily routines and planning cycles. From pre-mission briefings to after-action reviews, risk considerations are central to how units operate.

Training Exercises and Simulations

One effective way to reinforce risk management principles is through realistic training scenarios. These exercises simulate potential threats, allowing soldiers to practice hazard identification and decision-making in a controlled environment. Feedback during these drills helps reinforce lessons learned and build confidence.

Field Operations and Real-World Application

In actual deployments, the stakes are higher, and the environment more complex. Soldiers must constantly reassess risks as situations evolve. For example, weather changes, enemy activity, or equipment malfunctions can introduce new hazards. Army risk management training prepares personnel to stay alert and flexible, adjusting controls as needed to maintain safety without hindering mission progress.

Common Challenges in Army Risk Management Training

Despite its importance, implementing effective risk management can face obstacles. Some of the most frequent challenges include:

- **Complacency:** Over time, routine can dull awareness, leading to overlooked hazards.
- **Time Pressure:** The urgency of missions may tempt leaders to bypass thorough risk assessments.
- **Communication Gaps:** Poor information sharing can result in hazards being unnoticed or misunderstood.
- **Resource Constraints:** Limited equipment or personnel may restrict the ability to fully implement controls.

Addressing these challenges requires ongoing commitment, leadership emphasis, and creating an environment where safety is integrated into every decision.

Tips for Overcoming Obstacles

- Promote a culture where safety concerns are openly discussed without fear of reprisal.
- Incorporate risk management discussions into regular meetings and briefings.
- Use technology, such as digital checklists or hazard tracking apps, to streamline assessments.
- Provide continuous training and refresher courses to keep skills sharp.

The Role of Technology in Army Risk

Management Training

Advancements in technology have significantly enhanced how risk management training is delivered and applied. Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) simulations offer immersive environments where soldiers can encounter and respond to hazards without real-world consequences.

Additionally, data analytics help commanders identify trends in accidents or near-misses, enabling targeted improvements. Wearable devices can monitor personnel health and environmental conditions, providing real-time alerts to emerging risks.

By embracing these innovations, the Army ensures that risk management remains relevant and effective in an ever-changing operational landscape.

Building a Safety-First Mindset Through Training

At its essence, army risk management training is about cultivating a mindset that values cautious planning and proactive hazard control. This mindset doesn't hinder boldness or initiative; instead, it empowers soldiers to act decisively with a clear understanding of potential consequences.

Leadership plays a pivotal role in modeling this approach. When commanders consistently apply risk management principles and encourage their teams to do the same, it becomes part of the unit's DNA.

Ultimately, this mindset protects lives, preserves resources, and enhances the Army's ability to accomplish its mission under all conditions. Through comprehensive training, practical application, and continuous improvement, army risk management remains a cornerstone of military effectiveness and resilience.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the primary purpose of Army Risk Management Training?

The primary purpose of Army Risk Management Training is to identify, assess, and mitigate risks in military operations and activities to enhance mission success and protect soldiers' safety.

Who is required to complete Army Risk Management Training?

All Army personnel, including soldiers and civilian employees involved in planning, executing, or supervising operations, are required to complete Army Risk Management

Training to ensure they understand risk principles and procedures.

How often must Army personnel undergo Risk Management Training?

Army personnel are typically required to complete Risk Management Training annually or as specified by their unit or command to stay current with policies and best practices.

What are the key steps taught in Army Risk Management Training?

The key steps include identifying hazards, assessing hazards, developing controls and making risk decisions, implementing controls, and supervising and evaluating the effectiveness of controls.

How does Army Risk Management Training improve mission outcomes?

By systematically identifying and mitigating potential hazards, the training helps reduce accidents, equipment damage, and operational delays, thereby improving overall mission effectiveness and soldier safety.

Is Army Risk Management Training available online?

Yes, Army Risk Management Training is often available through online platforms such as the Army Learning Management System (ALMS) to provide convenient access for personnel.

What tools or techniques are emphasized in Army Risk Management Training?

The training emphasizes tools like risk assessment matrixes, hazard identification checklists, and decision-making models to help soldiers evaluate and manage risks effectively.

Can Army Risk Management principles be applied outside of combat situations?

Absolutely, Army Risk Management principles are applicable in various non-combat environments such as training exercises, administrative tasks, and logistical operations to ensure safety and efficiency.

Additional Resources

Army Risk Management Training: Enhancing Operational Safety and Decision-Making

army risk management training is a critical component in the military's approach to ensuring operational success while minimizing potential hazards. As the complexities of modern military operations increase, so does the necessity for a structured framework that identifies, assesses, and mitigates risks effectively. This training is not only pivotal in safeguarding personnel and equipment but also in optimizing mission outcomes through informed decision-making. By systematically embedding risk management principles into every level of command, the Army fosters a proactive culture of safety and resilience.

The Essence of Army Risk Management Training

At its core, army risk management training is designed to equip soldiers and commanders with the knowledge and tools to identify threats and vulnerabilities before they culminate into incidents. Unlike ad-hoc or reactive safety measures, this training promotes a deliberate process that integrates risk considerations into planning and execution phases. The methodical approach encourages personnel to balance mission demands against potential dangers, thereby enhancing operational effectiveness without compromising safety.

Risk management in the Army is codified through established doctrine, particularly Army Techniques Publication (ATP) 5-19, which outlines the principles and steps involved. The training emphasizes the five-step process of identifying hazards, assessing hazards, developing controls, implementing controls, and supervising and evaluating their effectiveness. This structured methodology is reinforced through simulations, real-world scenario analyses, and continuous feedback loops during exercises and deployments.

Key Objectives of the Training

The primary objectives of army risk management training include:

- **Hazard Identification:** Enabling personnel to recognize potential sources of harm in diverse operational environments.
- Risk Assessment: Teaching how to evaluate the probability and severity of adverse events.
- **Control Development:** Crafting effective strategies to mitigate identified risks without impeding mission goals.
- Implementation and Monitoring: Ensuring controls are applied consistently and adjusted as situations evolve.
- **Cultural Integration:** Fostering an organizational mindset that prioritizes safety and proactive risk consideration.

Analyzing the Impact of Army Risk Management Training

The implementation of risk management training has demonstrable effects on operational safety and efficiency. Historical data and after-action reports reveal that units with rigorous risk management practices experience fewer accidents and mission failures. For example, during complex field exercises, units that apply comprehensive risk assessments tend to identify previously overlooked environmental hazards or logistical vulnerabilities, allowing for timely mitigation.

Furthermore, this training enhances leadership capabilities. Commanders trained in risk management are better positioned to make informed decisions under pressure, balancing aggressive mission objectives with prudent safety measures. This dual focus reduces casualty rates and preserves critical assets, ultimately contributing to sustained combat readiness.

Comparisons with Other Military Risk Frameworks

While the Army's risk management approach shares similarities with frameworks used by other military branches and allied forces, it is uniquely tailored to its operational doctrine and organizational culture. For instance, the Navy's Operational Risk Management (ORM) shares the five-step process but places more emphasis on maritime-specific hazards. The Air Force integrates risk management into flight operations with additional layers of technical assessments.

Compared to civilian risk management, Army risk management training incorporates the unpredictability and high-stakes nature of combat and field operations. This demands a more dynamic and flexible application, often under rapidly changing conditions where standard protocols may need adaptation.

Critical Features and Components of Army Risk Management Training

Several features distinguish effective army risk management training programs:

- **Scenario-Based Learning:** Utilizing real-life operational scenarios to challenge participants in hazard recognition and control application.
- **Interdisciplinary Integration:** Combining insights from engineering, medical, environmental, and tactical domains to cover a broad spectrum of risk factors.
- **Continuous Feedback Mechanisms:** Encouraging after-action reviews and lessons learned to refine risk controls and training content.

• **Technology Utilization:** Leveraging simulation software and digital risk assessment tools to enhance training realism and effectiveness.

These components ensure that the training remains relevant and adaptive to emerging threats and evolving operational environments.

Pros and Cons of Current Training Approaches

No training program is without its challenges. Army risk management training offers several advantages but also faces limitations:

• Pros:

- Improves operational safety and reduces preventable incidents.
- Enhances leadership and decision-making skills under pressure.
- Promotes a culture of accountability and vigilance.
- Fosters inter-unit communication regarding risks and mitigations.

• Cons:

- May be perceived as time-consuming amid tight operational timelines.
- Risk of complacency if training becomes overly procedural without critical thinking.
- Variability in implementation quality across different units and commanders.
- Potential gaps in addressing asymmetric threats that evolve rapidly.

Recognizing these pros and cons is essential for continuous improvement of the training curriculum.

Integration with Broader Army Training and

Operations

Army risk management training does not exist in isolation; it is integrated into broader training regimes such as combat readiness, leadership development, and safety programs. This holistic approach ensures that risk considerations permeate all phases of soldier development and mission execution.

For instance, during pre-deployment preparations, risk assessments inform logistical planning, equipment checks, and medical readiness. During operations, risk management principles guide tactical movements, engagement decisions, and emergency responses. Post-operation reviews then utilize risk management frameworks to evaluate performance and identify areas for improvement.

Future Directions and Innovations

Looking ahead, the Army is exploring advanced technologies to augment risk management training. Artificial intelligence and machine learning algorithms have the potential to analyze vast datasets from past missions, predicting risk patterns and suggesting optimal control measures. Virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) simulations are also being developed to immerse soldiers in high-fidelity environments where they can practice risk identification and mitigation without real-world consequences.

Moreover, as cyber threats become increasingly relevant, risk management training is expanding to include cybersecurity considerations, ensuring that soldiers and commanders are prepared for both physical and digital operational risks.

In an era where military operations are multifaceted and rapidly evolving, army risk management training remains a cornerstone for safeguarding personnel and mission integrity. Its ongoing adaptation and integration with cutting-edge technology promise to maintain its effectiveness in the face of future challenges.

Army Risk Management Training

Find other PDF articles:

https://old.rga.ca/archive-th-096/Book?dataid=enK31-1498&title=ohio-bmv-driving-manual.pdf

army risk management training: Safety, The Army Safety Program, Army Regulation $\bf 385\text{-}10$, Change 1, March $\bf 29$, $\bf 2000$, $\bf 2000$

army risk management training: AR 350-1 Army Training and Leader Development Headquarters Department of the Army, 2017-08-27 Army Regulation 350-1 is the keystone training regulation for all US Army units. This regulation is the source reference for all training conducted within units across the US Army. This continent 6x9 paperback is designed with commanders, executive officers, and company grade NCOs in mind for portability and ease of use.

army risk management training: <u>Military Review</u>, 2011-07 army risk management training: *Countermeasure*, 2000-08

army risk management training: <u>Army Logistician</u>, 2005 The official magazine of United States Army logistics.

army risk management training: Professional Journal of the United States Army , 1992 army risk management training: Protect the Force Through Risk Management , 1997 army risk management training: The Engineer , 2008 Presents professional information designed to keep Army engineers informed of current and emerging developments within their areas of expertise for the purpose of enhancing their professional development. Articles cover engineer training, doctrine, operations, strategy, equipment, history, and other areas of interest to the engineering community.

army risk management training: Composite Risk Management (FM 5-19) Department of the Army, 2012-11-16 Today's Army is challenged by a wide range of threats and operating environments. These challenges, plus new technologies, require our leaders to use creative measures to provide positive protection to our Soldiers and equipment. In April 1998, Field Manual (FM) 100-14 (FM 5-19) introduced to the Army the first doctrinal publication on risk management. It detailed the application of a step-by-step process to conserve combat power and resources. This milestone manual outlined a framework that leaders could use to make force protection a routine part of planning, preparing, and executing operational, training, and garrison missions. Before the outset of the global war on terrorism it became apparent that FM 100-14 would require updating to meet the needs of the future. Army assessments also indicated that the existing manual needed to be expanded to provide clear standards and guidance on how the risk management process was to be applied. This led to this current revision. During development of this revision the Army broadened its understanding of the risk management process to encompass all operations and activities, on and off duty. This holistic approach focuses on the composite risks from all sources rather than the traditional practice of separating accident from tactical hazards and associated risks. This revision has been refocused to clearly reflect the Army's new composite approach, and has been retitled Composite Risk Management (CRM). CRM represents a culture change for the Army. It departs from the past cookie cutter safety and risk management mentality through teaching Soldiers "how to think" rather than telling them "what to think." This manual expands the context of the original FM by focusing on the application of composite risk management to the military decisionmaking process (MDMP) and the Army training management system. It further assigns the responsibilities for conducting risk management training during initial entry training and professional military education. It is a tool that works in conjunction with the Army's on-going initiative to firmly attach CRM to all Army processes. It is a milestone document for the standardization and institutionalization of the techniques, tools, and procedures that lead to sound decisionmaking and valid risk acceptance by leaders at all levels. This revision is a full rewrite of FM 100-14. It marks a break with the past by integrating the CRM process into Army operations. CRM is not a stand-alone process, a "paper work" drill, or an add-on feature. Rather, it is used as a fully-integrated element of detailed planning. It must be so integrated as to allow it to be executed intuitively in situations that require immediate action. CRM should be viewed as part of the military art interwoven throughout the Army's military decisionmaking and training management cycles.

army risk management training: How the Army Runs: A Senior Leader Reference Handbook, 2011-2012 U.S. Army War College, 2013-05-20 The U.S. Army War College (USAWC) is proud to present the 28th Edition of How the Army Runs: A Senior Leader Reference Handbook, 2011-2012. Publication of this text at this time, when the Army has been at war for almost a decade, has almost completed restructuring of its operating force, and is addressing the structure of the generating force, as well as completing formidable base closure and restationing actions, gives credence to the enduring truth that in order to be successful the Army must sustain and improve itself while it is fully committed to the Nation's bidding. The systems and processes documented and explained in this work are designed to do just that. This text was prepared under the direction of the

faculty of the Department of Command, Leadership, and Management. It is intended to be used in an academic environment during the study of the systems and processes used to develop and sustain trained and ready combat forces to be used by the Combatant Commanders.

army risk management training: AR 350-1 08/19/2014 ARMY TRAINING AND LEADER DEVELOPMENT, Survival Ebooks Us Department Of Defense, www.survivalebooks.com, Department of Defense, Delene Kvasnicka, United States Government US Army, United States Army, Department of the Army, U. S. Army, Army, DOD, The United States Army, AR 350-1 08/19/2014 ARMY TRAINING AND LEADER DEVELOPMENT, Survival Ebooks

army risk management training: Quartermaster Professional Bulletin , 2000 army risk management training: AR 385-10 11/27/2013 THE ARMY SAFETY PROGRAM , Survival Ebooks Us Department Of Defense, www.survivalebooks.com, Department of Defense, Delene Kvasnicka, United States Government US Army, United States Army, Department of the Army, U. S. Army, Army, DOD, The United States Army, AR 385-10 11/27/2013 THE ARMY SAFETY PROGRAM , Survival Ebooks

army risk management training: Hearings on National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996--H.R. 1530, and Oversight of Previously Authorized Programs, Before the Committee on National Security, House of Representatives, One Hundred Fourth Congress, First Session United States, Congress, House, Committee on National Security, 1997.

First Session United States. Congress. House. Committee on National Security, 1997

army risk management training: <u>Department of Defense Appropriations for 1996</u> United States. Congress. House. Committee on Appropriations. Subcommittee on National Security, 1996 army risk management training: *Department of Defense Appropriations* United States.

Congress. House. Committee on Appropriations. Subcommittee on Department of Defense, 1996 army risk management training: Status of Military Readiness United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Armed Services, 2002

army risk management training: Recruiter Journal, 2003 army risk management training: Army History, 2016

army risk management training: Department of Defense Authorization for Appropriations for Fiscal Year 1999 and the Future Years Defense Program: Personnel United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Armed Services, 1998 Hearings Before the Committee on Armed Services, United States Senate, One Hundred Fifth Congress, Second Session, on S. 2057, Authorizing Appropriations for Fiscal Year 1999 for Military Activities of the Department of Defense, for Military Construction & for Defense Activities of the Department of Energy, to Prescribe Personnel Strengths for Such Fiscal Year for the Armed Forces & for Other Purposes.

Related to army risk management training

The Official Home Page of the United States Army The latest news, images, videos, career information, and links from the U.S. Army

A-Z | The United States Army Information, contacts and bios from the Office of Public Affairs for the U.S. Army

Army Worldwide | The United States Army 3 days ago The latest news and information from the U.S. Army covering the Americas, Middle East, Europe, Asia and Pacific and more

The Army's Vision and Strategy | The United States Army This unclassified summary outlines the Army's annual accomplishments, initiatives, and priorities, based on the Army Vision and Army Strategy

United States Army The United States Army's platform provides resources and information for Army personnel

The U.S. Army's Command Structure The U.S. Army Command Structure, which includes all Army Commands (ACOM), Army Service Component Commands (ASCC) and Direct Reporting Units (DRU)

Army Retention Army retention maintains operational readiness and improves lethality through

targeting the Army's best and brightest within critical fields to dominate near-peer adversaries with superior

SOLDIERS | U.S. Army There are a million Soldiers across the total Army and each of them has a story to tell

AFT Commanders Guide and Implementation Guidance MOS Determination: -- HRC will determine which MOS is the best fit for the Soldier according to their service, potential, and Army needs

Army launches Army Enterprise LLM Workspace, the revolutionary By providing a secure, scalable and user-friendly AI platform, the Army is equipping its personnel with the tools they need to excel in an increasingly complex

The Official Home Page of the United States Army The latest news, images, videos, career information, and links from the U.S. Army

A-Z | The United States Army Information, contacts and bios from the Office of Public Affairs for the U.S. Army

Army Worldwide | **The United States Army** 3 days ago The latest news and information from the U.S. Army covering the Americas, Middle East, Europe, Asia and Pacific and more

The Army's Vision and Strategy | The United States Army This unclassified summary outlines the Army's annual accomplishments, initiatives, and priorities, based on the Army Vision and Army Strategy

United States Army The United States Army's platform provides resources and information for Army personnel

The U.S. Army's Command Structure The U.S. Army Command Structure, which includes all Army Commands (ACOM), Army Service Component Commands (ASCC) and Direct Reporting Units (DRU)

Army Retention Army retention maintains operational readiness and improves lethality through targeting the Army's best and brightest within critical fields to dominate near-peer adversaries with superior

SOLDIERS | **U.S. Army** There are a million Soldiers across the total Army and each of them has a story to tell

AFT Commanders Guide and Implementation Guidance MOS Determination: -- HRC will determine which MOS is the best fit for the Soldier according to their service, potential, and Army needs

Army launches Army Enterprise LLM Workspace, the revolutionary By providing a secure, scalable and user-friendly AI platform, the Army is equipping its personnel with the tools they need to excel in an increasingly complex

The Official Home Page of the United States Army The latest news, images, videos, career information, and links from the U.S. Army

A-Z | The United States Army Information, contacts and bios from the Office of Public Affairs for the U.S. Army

Army Worldwide | **The United States Army** 3 days ago The latest news and information from the U.S. Army covering the Americas, Middle East, Europe, Asia and Pacific and more

The Army's Vision and Strategy | The United States Army This unclassified summary outlines the Army's annual accomplishments, initiatives, and priorities, based on the Army Vision and Army Strategy

United States Army The United States Army's platform provides resources and information for Army personnel

The U.S. Army's Command Structure The U.S. Army Command Structure, which includes all Army Commands (ACOM), Army Service Component Commands (ASCC) and Direct Reporting Units (DRU)

Army Retention Army retention maintains operational readiness and improves lethality through targeting the Army's best and brightest within critical fields to dominate near-peer adversaries with

superior

SOLDIERS | U.S. Army There are a million Soldiers across the total Army and each of them has a story to tell

AFT Commanders Guide and Implementation Guidance MOS Determination: -- HRC will determine which MOS is the best fit for the Soldier according to their service, potential, and Army needs

Army launches Army Enterprise LLM Workspace, the revolutionary By providing a secure, scalable and user-friendly AI platform, the Army is equipping its personnel with the tools they need to excel in an increasingly complex

The Official Home Page of the United States Army The latest news, images, videos, career information, and links from the U.S. Army

A-Z | The United States Army Information, contacts and bios from the Office of Public Affairs for the U.S. Army

Army Worldwide | **The United States Army** 3 days ago The latest news and information from the U.S. Army covering the Americas, Middle East, Europe, Asia and Pacific and more

The Army's Vision and Strategy | The United States Army This unclassified summary outlines the Army's annual accomplishments, initiatives, and priorities, based on the Army Vision and Army Strategy

United States Army The United States Army's platform provides resources and information for Army personnel

The U.S. Army's Command Structure The U.S. Army Command Structure, which includes all Army Commands (ACOM), Army Service Component Commands (ASCC) and Direct Reporting Units (DRU)

Army Retention Army retention maintains operational readiness and improves lethality through targeting the Army's best and brightest within critical fields to dominate near-peer adversaries with superior

SOLDIERS | **U.S. Army** There are a million Soldiers across the total Army and each of them has a story to tell

AFT Commanders Guide and Implementation Guidance MOS Determination: -- HRC will determine which MOS is the best fit for the Soldier according to their service, potential, and Army needs

Army launches Army Enterprise LLM Workspace, the revolutionary By providing a secure, scalable and user-friendly AI platform, the Army is equipping its personnel with the tools they need to excel in an increasingly complex operational

Related to army risk management training

Project Sentinel - The Army Announces Cybersecurity Risk Management Framework Reform (usace.army.mil5y) The Army is launching Project Sentinel to adapt the current Risk Management Framework (RMF) process into a streamlined threat-informed risk decision process. The Army adopted the Risk Management

Project Sentinel - The Army Announces Cybersecurity Risk Management Framework Reform (usace.army.mil5y) The Army is launching Project Sentinel to adapt the current Risk Management Framework (RMF) process into a streamlined threat-informed risk decision process. The Army adopted the Risk Management

SOCOM must improve high-risk training oversight, report says (Military Times10mon) A recent report recommends U.S. Special Operations Command take various actions to reduce high-risk training injuries and deaths, which account for the bulk of non-combat accidents. Released this **SOCOM must improve high-risk training oversight, report says** (Military Times10mon) A recent report recommends U.S. Special Operations Command take various actions to reduce high-risk training injuries and deaths, which account for the bulk of non-combat accidents. Released this

Back to Home: https://old.rga.ca