mobile alabama mardi gras history

The Rich Tapestry of Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras History

mobile alabama mardi gras history is a fascinating journey into one of America's oldest and most vibrant cultural celebrations. While many people associate Mardi Gras with New Orleans, Mobile, Alabama, actually lays claim to the very first Mardi Gras parade on American soil. This tradition, which dates back over 300 years, has shaped the city's identity and continues to enchant locals and visitors alike with its unique blend of history, pageantry, and festivity.

The Origins of Mardi Gras in Mobile

Mardi Gras, French for "Fat Tuesday," is the day before Ash Wednesday and marks the culmination of the Carnival season. The roots of this celebration trace back to medieval Europe, but Mobile brought Mardi Gras to the United States long before New Orleans popularized it. In 1703, French settlers in Mobile held the first organized Mardi Gras festivities, making it the birthplace of American Mardi Gras.

The French colony of Mobile was established in 1702 by Pierre Le Moyne d'Iberville and Jean-Baptiste Le Moyne de Bienville. Within a year, the colonists celebrated Mardi Gras with masked balls, parades, and parties, mirroring the customs they brought from France. Unlike the later New Orleans Mardi Gras, Mobile's celebrations originally centered around intimate gatherings and formal balls hosted by secret societies known as "mystic societies."

The Influence of Mystic Societies

One of the most unique aspects of Mobile's Mardi Gras history is the role of its mystic societies. These organizations, similar to the krewes of New Orleans, formed in the early 18th century and organized elaborate balls and parades. The first known society, the Boeuf Gras Society, was established in 1711, named after the "fatted ox" traditionally slaughtered for the feast before Lent.

Over time, numerous other mystic societies emerged, each with distinct themes, traditions, and membership rituals. These societies provided a social framework for Mobile's Mardi Gras and contributed to its secretive, exclusive character. Members often wore masks and costumes, maintaining anonymity during celebrations, which added an air of mystique to the festivities.

Evolution of Mobile Mardi Gras Parade Traditions

While the early Mardi Gras celebrations in Mobile were more private, the city eventually embraced public parades. By the 1830s, the tradition of throwing trinkets and beads from floats had begun, a practice that would become synonymous with Mardi Gras nationwide.

Introduction of Floats and Throws

The first parade in Mobile was a simple affair, but it laid the groundwork for the elaborate floats seen today. Mystic societies began designing and building floats that reflected their themes, mythology, or social commentary. The tradition of "throws" — small gifts tossed to parade watchers — started as a way to engage the public and foster goodwill.

Today, throws include beads, coins known as "doubloons," small toys, and other collectibles, often customized with the mystic society's emblem. Collecting these throws is a cherished part of the Mardi Gras experience in Mobile, and many locals proudly display their collections year-round.

Costumes and Masks: A Visual Feast

Costumes and masks have always been central to Mobile's Mardi Gras celebrations. Initially used to maintain anonymity, these colorful disguises evolved into elaborate artistic expressions. Participants wear everything from traditional robes and plumed hats to whimsical and creative outfits.

The use of masks also ties into the mystic societies' secretive nature, allowing members to mingle freely without revealing their identities. This tradition continues, adding a layer of intrigue and excitement to the parades and balls.

Mobile Mardi Gras vs. New Orleans Mardi Gras

Though New Orleans often steals the spotlight when it comes to Mardi Gras, Mobile's celebration is just as rich and historic, if not more so in terms of origin. Understanding the differences between these two iconic events sheds light on Mobile's unique cultural heritage.

Historical Primacy

Mobile predates New Orleans Mardi Gras by about a decade. With its first celebrations recorded as early as 1703, Mobile can rightfully claim to host the oldest Mardi Gras festivities in the United States. New Orleans' Mardi Gras began in 1718 but became nationally famous later due to its larger scale and commercial appeal.

Scale and Atmosphere

New Orleans Mardi Gras is known for massive crowds, wild parties, and a tourist-driven atmosphere. Mobile's Mardi Gras, by contrast, maintains a more community-oriented and family-friendly vibe. The mystic societies' influence ensures that many events, especially the traditional balls, retain a sense of exclusivity and historical continuity.

Parade Traditions

While both cities parade floats and throw beads, Mobile's floats often feature historical and cultural themes tied closely to Alabama's heritage. The mystic societies' role is more pronounced in Mobile, with many parades organized directly by these groups. Visitors to Mobile will notice a more intimate and refined Mardi Gras experience, rich with tradition and Southern hospitality.

Significant Celebrations and Events in Mobile Mardi Gras

Mobile's Mardi Gras season is packed with events that showcase the city's deep-rooted customs and lively spirit. Understanding these highlights can help visitors plan their experience and better appreciate the cultural significance.

The Order of Myths Parade

One of the oldest and most iconic parades in Mobile is the Order of Myths parade. Founded in 1867, this mystic society's emblem is a figure known as the "Myth," which features prominently on their floats and throws. The parade is famous for its classic charm and the tradition of the "Myth" chasing a symbol of death—a representation of the fleeting nature of life and celebration.

The Mardi Gras Balls

The mystic societies host numerous elaborate balls throughout the Carnival season. These formal events are steeped in tradition, featuring strict dress codes, ceremonial rituals, and live music. Invitations are highly sought after and often passed down through generations, emphasizing the social and historical importance of these gatherings.

The Baby New Year Celebration

Mobile's Mardi Gras also features the unique Baby New Year tradition, symbolizing the passing of the old year and the arrival of the new. This event is a festive and symbolic highlight, often included in parades and public celebrations.

Tips for Experiencing Mobile Mardi Gras

If you plan to visit Mobile during Mardi Gras season, here are some helpful tips to make the most of your experience:

- Arrive early: Parades can draw large crowds, so arriving early ensures good viewing spots.
- Bring a bag for throws: Collecting beads, doubloons, and other throws is a fun tradition.
- **Respect traditions:** Many mystic societies have exclusive events—be mindful of private gatherings and dress codes.
- Explore local history: Visit the Mobile Carnival Museum to learn more about the city's Mardi Gras heritage.
- **Enjoy the food:** Try local specialties like King Cake, gumbo, and jambalaya to immerse yourself fully in the culture.

The Enduring Legacy of Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras History

Mobile's Mardi Gras is more than just a party; it's a living tradition that connects past and present. The mystic societies, the parades, the balls, and the community spirit all contribute to a celebration that honors centuries of

cultural exchange and Southern hospitality. For anyone interested in American history, cultural festivals, or simply a good time, Mobile offers a Mardi Gras experience that is both unique and unforgettable.

As the city continues to celebrate Mardi Gras each year, it preserves the essence of its French colonial roots while embracing the vibrant diversity of modern times. Whether you're a local or a visitor, immersing yourself in Mobile's Mardi Gras is a journey through history, community, and joy that leaves a lasting impression.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the historical significance of Mardi Gras in Mobile, Alabama?

Mobile, Alabama, is home to the oldest organized Mardi Gras celebration in the United States, dating back to 1703 when French settlers first introduced the tradition.

How did Mardi Gras traditions start in Mobile, Alabama?

Mardi Gras traditions in Mobile began with French Catholic settlers who brought their pre-Lenten celebrations to the region, establishing the first American Mardi Gras festivities over 300 years ago.

What role did the Cowbellion de Rakin Society play in Mobile's Mardi Gras history?

The Cowbellion de Rakin Society, founded in 1830, was the first formal Mardi Gras mystic society in Mobile and helped organize parades and balls, shaping the city's Mardi Gras traditions.

How has Mobile's Mardi Gras celebration evolved over the years?

Mobile's Mardi Gras has evolved from small, private balls to large public parades featuring elaborate floats, masked krewes, and community-wide festivities while maintaining its historical roots.

What distinguishes Mobile's Mardi Gras from other Mardi Gras celebrations in the U.S.?

Mobile's Mardi Gras is distinguished by its status as the oldest Mardi Gras celebration in the U.S., its unique mystic societies, and traditions like the

throwing of MoonPies as parade throws.

When was the first Mardi Gras parade held in Mobile, Alabama?

The first Mardi Gras parade in Mobile was held in 1830 by the Cowbellion de Rakin Society, marking the beginning of organized public celebrations.

What are mystic societies in the context of Mobile's Mardi Gras?

Mystic societies are social organizations in Mobile that organize Mardi Gras parades and balls, each with unique themes, traditions, and secret rituals dating back to the 19th century.

How did Mobile's Mardi Gras influence New Orleans' Mardi Gras?

Mobile's Mardi Gras traditions, including masked balls and parades organized by mystic societies, influenced the development of New Orleans' Mardi Gras celebrations when Mobile residents moved there.

What traditional items are commonly thrown during Mobile Mardi Gras parades?

During Mobile Mardi Gras parades, traditional throws include MoonPies, beads, coins known as doubloons, and other trinkets, continuing a long-standing parade tradition.

Additional Resources

Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras History: Unveiling the Origins of America's Oldest Mardi Gras Celebration

mobile alabama mardi gras history reveals a rich and fascinating narrative that predates the more famous New Orleans festivities by several decades. Often overshadowed by its Louisiana counterpart, Mobile's Mardi Gras remains the oldest annual Carnival celebration in the United States, steeped in tradition, cultural significance, and community spirit. This article delves into the origins, evolution, and unique characteristics of Mobile's Mardi Gras, offering an analytical perspective on why it continues to hold a special place in both local and national consciousness.

The Origins of Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras History

The story of Mobile's Mardi Gras begins in the early 18th century. Founded in 1702 by French colonists, Mobile was the first capital of French Louisiana. It was here that the earliest American Mardi Gras festivities were celebrated, long before New Orleans was even established in 1718. Historical records indicate that as early as 1703, French settlers in Mobile held masked balls and parades to mark the Carnival season, following the European tradition of celebrating the day before Ash Wednesday with lavish festivities.

Unlike the larger-scale, tourism-driven Mardi Gras in New Orleans, Mobile's celebration has retained a more community-oriented character, emphasizing local involvement and longstanding civic traditions. This longevity and cultural authenticity are integral parts of Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras history, underscoring the city's role as the birthplace of American Carnival.

The Role of the Cowbellion de Rakin Society

A pivotal element in Mobile's Mardi Gras history is the establishment of the Cowbellion de Rakin Society in 1830. This secret society is credited with organizing the first formal Mardi Gras parade in Mobile, introducing many of the parade customs that would later be adopted by other Carnival celebrations across the Gulf Coast.

Members of the Cowbellion de Rakin Society paraded through the streets wielding rakes and cowbells—hence the name—setting the precedent for the elaborate floats and masked balls that characterize Mardi Gras today. This early organization marked a transformation from informal street revelry to a structured and ceremonial event, laying the groundwork for the creation of other "krewes" (Carnival organizations) that continue to shape the festivities.

Mardi Gras Traditions Unique to Mobile

Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras history is distinguished by several unique traditions that differ from, yet complement, the more widely known practices in New Orleans. One of the most notable features is Mobile's emphasis on the "krewes," private social clubs that plan and execute parades, balls, and other events. While New Orleans also has krewes, Mobile's krewe system is the oldest continuous network of such organizations in the country.

Krewe Culture and Social Impact

Krewes in Mobile are more than parade organizers; they are deeply embedded in the city's social fabric. Each krewe has its own history, membership criteria, and signature themes, contributing to the diversity of the celebrations. For example, the Mystic Society of Mobile, founded in 1867, is known for its elaborate balls and philanthropic activities.

The krewe culture also reflects Mobile's social dynamics, historically including elite families and community leaders. Over time, the inclusivity of krewes has evolved, with many modern groups embracing diverse membership and charitable missions, thereby amplifying Mardi Gras's role as a community-building force.

Iconic Symbols and Festivities

Mobile Mardi Gras features distinctive symbols such as the colors purple, green, and gold—representing justice, faith, and power—adopted from the New Orleans tradition but imbued with local significance. Other hallmark elements include the throwing of "throws" (trinkets like beads, coins called "doubloons," and small toys) from parade floats, a practice that originated in Mobile and spread regionally.

The city's parades often highlight historical reenactments, folklore, and regional pride, making the events not only festive but also educational and culturally enriching. The juxtaposition of historical pageantry with vibrant modern celebrations illustrates how Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras history continues to evolve while honoring its roots.

Comparative Analysis: Mobile Mardi Gras vs. New Orleans Mardi Gras

While New Orleans Mardi Gras is globally renowned and attracts millions of visitors annually, Mobile Mardi Gras offers a contrasting experience that is equally compelling due to its historical authenticity and local atmosphere.

- **Historical precedence:** Mobile's Mardi Gras predates New Orleans by nearly two decades, making it the oldest organized Carnival celebration in the United States.
- Scale and scope: New Orleans prides itself on large-scale parades and massive crowds, whereas Mobile maintains smaller, community-focused events that emphasize tradition over tourism.

- Organizational structure: Both cities use the krewe system, but Mobile's krewes retain a more exclusive and historic character, often tied to specific neighborhoods and longstanding social groups.
- **Economic impact:** New Orleans's Mardi Gras significantly boosts the local economy through tourism, hospitality, and entertainment sectors, while Mobile's Mardi Gras, though economically beneficial, is primarily a cultural and social event within the community.
- Event timing: Both celebrations occur during the Carnival season leading up to Fat Tuesday, but Mobile's Mardi Gras parades often begin earlier and follow a distinct calendar reflective of its traditions.

This contrast highlights the complementary nature of the two cities' Mardi Gras celebrations and underscores the importance of Mobile's role in preserving the original spirit of Carnival.

The Evolution and Modern-Day Significance of Mobile Mardi Gras

Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras history is not static; it has adapted to social changes, technological advances, and cultural shifts over the centuries. The mid-20th century brought increased media attention and renewed public interest, helping to revitalize certain traditions and introduce innovations such as televised parades and expanded community outreach programs.

Today, Mobile Mardi Gras balances respect for its historical legacy with contemporary inclusivity and entertainment. The event fosters local pride and serves as a significant cultural touchstone, drawing residents and visitors alike to experience its distinctive charm.

Challenges and Opportunities

Despite its enduring appeal, Mobile Mardi Gras faces challenges common to traditional festivals: maintaining relevance in a rapidly changing social landscape, managing logistical complexities, and competing with larger, more commercialized events. However, these challenges also present opportunities to innovate while preserving authenticity.

Efforts to engage younger generations, incorporate diverse cultural influences, and enhance tourism initiatives are underway, ensuring that Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras history continues to be celebrated and passed down for years to come.

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In exploring the intricate tapestry of mobile alabama mardi gras history, one discovers a celebration that is as much about community identity and historical continuity as it is about revelry. Its origins, unique traditions, and evolving character provide valuable insights into the cultural heritage of the Gulf Coast and America's broader Carnival legacy. Mobile's Mardi Gras stands as a testament to the enduring power of tradition and the vibrant spirit of a city that proudly claims the title of America's original Mardi Gras.

Mobile Alabama Mardi Gras History

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mobile alabama mardi gras history: Hidden History of Mobile Joe Cuhaj, 2020-01-20 It was an unlikely place for a city, scourged by disease-ridden mosquitos and pummeled by hurricanes. But for more than three hundred years, Mobile has thrived on the unlikely and endured the unimaginable. Mobilians love their gumbo but are likely unaware that it was first served up here by women sent from France to foster population growth. Times were once so dire for free blacks that a shocking number petitioned the courts to become slaves. The city witnessed the first operational submarine, the first Mardi Gras celebration and the last major battle of the Civil War. Author Joe Cuhaj navigates the backwaters of Mobile's fascinating history.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Mardi Gras in Mobile L. Craig Roberts, 2015-01-12 Mardi Gras in Mobile began its carnival celebration years before the city of New Orleans was founded. In the 1700s, mystic societies formed in Mobile, such as the Societe de Saint Louis, believed to be the first in the New World. These curious organizations brought old-world traditions as they held celebrations like parades and balls with themes like Scandinavian mythology and the dream of Pythagoras. Today, more than 800,000 people annually take in the sights, sounds and attractions of the celebration. Historian and preservationist L. Craig Roberts, through extensive research and interviews, explores the captivating and charismatic history of Mardi Gras in the Port City.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Secret Mobile: A Guide to the Weird, Wonderful, and Obscure Amy Delcambre, 2022-10-15 At a glance, Mobile, Alabama, is a reserved Southern city, steeped in charm, heritage, and history. But look a little more closely and discover a winding tale of revivalist zeal, quirky contradictions, and delightfully ghastly scandals and scoundrels. In Secret Mobile: A Guide to the Weird, Wonderful, and Obscure, you'll unearth secrets of the past. People will be quick to tell you that Mobile is the birthplace of Mardi Gras in America, and they'll be even quicker to tell you about Joe Cain, the rebellious firefighter credited with restoring the Mardi Gras tradition following the Civil War, but is that really the whole story? Not even close. As you'll quickly learn, when it comes to Mobile, there's always more to the story. Learn why the City of Mobile was twice burned to the ground, what famous presidential quote was uttered in the historic Battle House Hotel, and how a telltale oak grew out of the grave of an allegedly innocent convicted murderer. You'll explore new terrain—like how to join the city's most spirited kayaking group, where to find Hippie Beach, and the best way to see the iconic Middle Bay Lighthouse and the cow that lived there. Intrigued? Local author Amy Delcambre is just getting started. She'll be your storytelling guide to explore all of the unseen threads that make up the fabric of Mobile and help you dive in to

untangle the facts and the legends that make up the best of Mobile's secrets.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: The Life and Works of Augusta Jane Evans Wilson, 1835-1909 Brenda Ayres, 2016-03-03 Over the course of her 57-year career, Augusta Jane Evans Wilson published nine best-selling novels, but her significant contributions to American literature have until recently gone largely unrecognized. Brenda Ayres, in her long overdue critical biography of the novelist once referred to as the 'first Southern woman to enter the field of American letters,' credits the importance of Wilson's novels for their portrait of nineteenth-century America. As Avres reminds us, the nineteenth-century American book market was dominated by women writers and women readers, a fact still to some extent obscured by the make-up of the literary canon. In placing Wilson's novels firmly within their historical context, Ayres commemorates Wilson as both a storyteller and maker of American history. Proceeding chronologically, Ayres devotes a chapter to each of Wilson's novels, showing how her views on Catholicism, the South, the Civil War, male authority, domesticity, Reconstruction, and race were both informed by and resistant to the turbulent times in which she lived. This comprehensive and meticulously researched biography contributes not only to our appreciation of Wilson's work, but also to her importance as a figure for understanding women's roles in history and their art, evolving gender roles, and the complicated status of women writers.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Carnival in Alabama Isabel Machado, 2023-01-27 Mobile is simultaneously a typical and unique city in the postwar United States. It was a quintessential boomtown during World War II. That prosperity was followed by a period of rapid urban decline and subsequent attempts at revitalizing (or gentrifying) its downtown area. As in many other US cities, urban renewal, integration, and other socioeconomic developments led to white flight, marginalized the African American population, and set the stage for the development of LGBTQ+ community building and subculture. Yet these usually segregated segments of society in Mobile converged once a year to create a common identity, that of a Carnival City. Carnival in Alabama looks not only at the people who participated in Mardi Gras organizations divided by race, gender, and/or sexual orientation, but also investigates the experience of "marked bodies" outside of these organizations, or people involved in Carnival through their labor or as audiences (or publics) of the spectacle. It also expands the definition of Mobile's Carnival "tradition" beyond the official pageantry by including street maskers and laborers and neighborhood cookouts. Using archival sources and oral history interviews to investigate and analyze the roles assigned, inaccessible to, or claimed and appropriated by straight-identified African American men and women and people who defied gender and sexuality normativity in the festivities (regardless of their racial identity), this book illuminates power dynamics through culture and ritual. By looking at Carnival as an "invented tradition" and as a semiotic system associated with discourses of power, it joins a transnational conversation about the phenomenon.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Bon Temps Jeff Haller, 2017-10-10 New Orleans has long been associated with Mardi Gras, but in Alabama, we don't care to play second fiddle. Mobilians proudly claim to have established the country's first Mardi Gras traditions dating back to the 1830s. Mardi Gras here is a month-long, glitter-and-gold-leaf, gumbo-fixin', celebrity-impersonating, waiting-in-the-wings, spotlit, alcohol-swamped, gimme-sumthin-Mister, drum-rolling, siren-wailing, shoulder-to-shoulder blowout. In Bon Temps: Alabama's Mardi Gras, photographers Jeff and Meggan Haller bring Alabama's premier cultural tradition to the world. Mobile's Mardi Gras is a celebration of excess preceding the fasting and penitence of Lent. It culminates on Mardi Gras, or Fat Tuesday, the day before Ash Wednesday and the start of the Lenten season. Today's Mardi Gras is an economic bonanza accommodating hundreds of thousands of revelers over three weeks of parades, balls, and partying. With dozens of mystic societies, traditions run deep. It's so old that you may think you've seen it all, but in Jeff and Meggan Haller's collection of sometimes shocking, sometimes silly, always vivid images, and essays by Eleanor Inge Baker, we're confident you'll discover something new. Casebound in linen with foil-embossed cover and marbled endsheets, Bon Temps: Alabama's Mardi Gras honors Mobile's tradition of over-the-top frivolity. As the slogan goes, Mobile's

a city born to celebrate.

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mobile alabama mardi gras history: Encyclopedia of Easter Celebrations Worldwide William D. Crump, 2021-03-08 At Eastertime, the most important holiday in the Christian world, religious processions in many Latin American countries pass over ornate street carpets fashioned from colored sawdust, flowers and fruit. Children in Finland and Sweden dress as Easter witches. In the Caribbean, those who swim on Good Friday risk bad luck. In the Philippines, some penitents volunteer to be crucified. In some European countries, Easter Monday is the day for dousing women with water. With 240 entries, this book explores these and scores of other unusual and sometimes bizarre international Holy Week customs, both sacred and secular, from pilgrimages to Jerusalem to classic seasonal films and television specials.

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mobile alabama mardi gras history: The Art of Stagecraft F. Randy deCelle, 2024-06-28 The Art of Stagecraft: Reflections on Design and Creation in Theatre is a thoughtful examination of the intersection of design, art, and the modern and contemporary theatrical design practitioner. Utilizing a recently discovered folio of materials of stagecraft practices that was being compiled by Mobile, Alabama artist Edmond Carl deCelle, who was nationally known for his sketches, paintings, murals, Mardi Gras pageants and parades, and theatre productions along the Gulf Coast in the years 1930-1970, the book examines methodologies of production using sketches from the artist as well as his thoughts on design, art, and the shifts that were happening in the industry during the time. The book looks at a sampling of traditional theatrical design and stagecraft practices that became formalized in the mid-20th century and compares them to contemporary practices, offering a reflection on the current state of theatre production, stagecraft practices, and the theatre practitioner as an artist. For those just coming into theatre production, The Art of Stagecraft provides a resource for a selection of well-proven, straightforward techniques that have been developed over many years. For those in theatre production, the book serves as a guide for an assortment of traditional techniques that are still in use today but may not be known by everyone. For all readers, this book will also look at a sample of traditional techniques that have been phased out in favor of contemporary methods due to the development of modern materials.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: *African American Folklore* Anand Prahlad, 2016-08-08 African American folklore dates back 240 years and has had a significant impact on American culture from the slavery period to the modern day. This encyclopedia provides accessible entries on key elements of this long history, including folklore originally derived from African cultures that have survived here and those that originated in the United States. Inspired by the author's passion for African American culture and vernacular traditions, African American Folklore: An Encyclopedia for Students thoroughly addresses key elements and motifs in black American folklore-especially those that have influenced American culture. With its alphabetically organized entries that cover a wide range of subjects from the word conjure to the dance style of twerking, this book provides

readers with a deeper comprehension of American culture through a greater understanding of the contributions of African American culture and black folk traditions. This book will be useful to general readers as well as students or researchers whose interests include African American culture and folklore or American culture. It offers insight into the histories of African American folklore motifs, their importance within African American groups, and their relevance to the evolution of American culture. The work also provides original materials, such as excepts from folktales and folksongs, and a comprehensive compilation of sources for further research that includes bibliographical citations as well as lists of websites and cultural centers.

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mobile alabama mardi gras history: A Bibliography of Mobile, Alabama Robert E. Bell, 1956

mobile alabama mardi gras history: The Life and Afterlife of Gay Neighborhoods Alex Bitterman, Daniel Baldwin Hess, 2021-03-19 This open access book examines the significance of gay neighborhoods (or 'gayborhoods') from critical periods of formation during the gay liberation and freedom movements of the 1960s and 1970s, to proven durability through the HIV/AIDS pandemic during the 1980s and 1990s, to a mature plateau since 2000. The book provides a framework for contemplating the future form and function of gay neighborhoods. Social and cultural shifts within gay neighborhoods are used as a framework for understanding the decades-long struggle for LGBTQ+ rights and equality. Resulting from gentrification, weakening social stigma, and enhanced rights for LGBTQ+ people, gay neighborhoods have recently become "less gay," following a 50-year period of resilience. Meanwhile, other neighborhoods are becoming "more gay," due to changing preferences of LGBTQ+ individuals and a propensity for LGBTQ+ families to form community in areas away from established gayborhoods. The current 'plateau' in the evolution of gay neighborhoods is characterized by generational differences—between Baby Boom pioneers and Millennials who favour broad inclusivity—signaling various possible trajectories for the future 'afterlife' of these important LGBTQ+ urban spaces. The complicating impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic provides a point of comparison for lessons learned from gay neighborhoods and the LGBTQ+ community that bravely endured the onset of the HIV/AIDS pandemic. This book will be of interest to students and scholars in various disciplines—including sociology, social work, anthropology, gender and sexuality, LGTBQ+ and queer studies, as well as urban geography, architecture, and city planning—and to policymakers and advocates concerned with LGBTQ+ rights and social justice.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Golfing Communities in the Southeast Dennis J. Phillips, 2015-02-18 People's passion for golf manifests itself in many ways. Some enjoy the game so much, they want to make it a prominent part of their retirement surroundings. This work functions as both an informative source for golfing aficionados who are looking for a place to retire, and as a helpful guide for non-golfers in the family. Here, details on golf communities in six southeastern states are presented: North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi. Organized by state, each chapter begins with information on state and city populations; sales,

income and social security taxes; and a geographical description. Each state is divided into geographical areas that offer attractive retirement and golfing opportunities. For each city listed, a general introduction (including data from the 2000 Census) is provided. Information on the golf courses, a variety of real estate options, nearby dependable health care services, convenient and varied shopping, favorable year-round climate, continuing education opportunities, nearby recreation, attractions, and dining, and regional artistic and cultural amenities is offered. Lists of both a state's nationally ranked and overall best golf courses, as determined by Golf Digest, are also included at the end of each chapter.

mobile alabama mardi gras history: Mobile Aviation Billy J. Singleton, 2011-02 Local businessman and inventor John Ellis Fowler introduced the concept of the flying machine to Mobile and South Alabama. Fowler's innovative designs mark the beginning of the remarkable aviation heritage of Alabama's port city, a legacy further enhanced by the evolution of military and civilian aviation on Alabama's Gulf Coast. A mild climate and abundance of flat terrain made the region attractive for the establishment of military flight training programs during the World War II while the availability of air, rail, and sea transportation made Mobile an ideal location for construction of a supply and repair depot to support military aviation in the Southeast. Images of Aviation: Mobile Aviation is the story of the first century of powered flight in Mobile and South Alabama.

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